

Private Law 427

CHAPTER 20

AN ACT

For the relief of Ai Mei Yu and Ai Mei Chen.

February 12, 1952
[S. 471]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of sections 4 (a) and 9 of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended, the minor children, Ai Mei Yu and Ai Mei Chen, shall be held and considered to be the natural-born alien children of Adelia L. Eggstein, a citizen of the United States.

Approved February 12, 1952.

43 Stat. 155, 157.
8 USC 204 (a),
209.

Private Law 428

CHAPTER 21

AN ACT

For the relief of Youichi Nobori.

February 12, 1952
[S. 527]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, solely for the purposes of section 4 (a) and section 9 of the Immigration Act of 1924, and notwithstanding any provisions excluding from admission to the United States persons of races ineligible to citizenship, Youichi Nobori, a minor Japanese child, shall be considered the alien natural-born child of Lieutenant Colonel and Mrs. Richard G. Winters, citizens of the United States.

Approved February 12, 1952.

43 Stat. 155, 157.
8 USC 204(a),
209.

Private Law 429

CHAPTER 22

AN ACT

For the relief of Constance Chin Hung.

February 12, 1952
[S. 605]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in the administration of the immigration and naturalization laws, the provisions of sections 4 (a) and 9 of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended, shall be held to be applicable to the alien Constance Chin Hung, the minor, unmarried child of George Chin Hung, a citizen of the United States.

Approved February 12, 1952.

43 Stat. 155, 157.
8 USC 204(a),
209.

Private Law 430

CHAPTER 23

AN ACT

For the relief of Motoi Kano.

February 12, 1952
[S. 639]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, solely for the purposes of section 4 (a) and section 9 of the Immigration Act of 1924, and notwithstanding any provisions excluding from admission to the United States persons of races ineligible to citizenship, Motoi Kano, a minor Japanese child, shall be considered the alien natural-born child of Dixon Y. Miyauchi, a citizen of the United States.

Approved February 12, 1952.

43 Stat. 155, 157.
8 USC 204(a),
209.